COURSE & PROGRAM OUTCOMES OF

GEOGRAPHY HONOURS (B.A. & B.SC.) UNDER CBCS

Geography is the study of places and the relationships between people and their environments. Geographers explore both the physical properties of Earth's surface and the human societies spread across it. They also examine how human culture interacts with the natural environment and the way those locations and places can have an impact on people. Geography seeks to understand where things are found, why they are there, and how they develop and change over time. The study of the diverse environments, places, and spaces of Earth's surface and their interactions. It seeks to answer the questions of why things are as they are where they are. The modern academic discipline of geography is rooted in ancient practice, concerned with the characteristics of places, in particular their natural environments and peoples, as well as the relations between the two.

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS): Syllabus in Geography INTRODUCTION: In compliance with recent directives from the University Grants Commission, the undergraduate syllabus for Geography is reframed into Choice Based Credit System largely following the model syllabus prepared by the Vinoba Bhave University Hazaribag

The main objective of this new curriculum is to give the students a holistic understanding of the subject, putting equal weightage to the core content and techniques used in Geography. The syllabus tries to give equal importance to the two main branches of Geography: Physical and Human. The principal goal of the syllabus is to enable the students to secure a job at the end of the undergraduate programme. Keeping this in mind and in tune with the changing nature of Geography, adequate emphasis is rendered on applied aspects of the subject such as emerging techniques of mapping and field-based data generation, especially in the honours course. The syllabus emphasises on development of basic skills of the subject, so that everyone need not go for higher studies in search of professional engagement or employment.

LEARNING OUTCOMES: This syllabus is designed to impart basic nowledge on geography as a spatial science and train the undergraduates to secure employment in the sectors of geospatial analysis, development and planning, mapping and surveying.

Choice Based Credit System B.A./B.Sc. (Honours) Geography Syllabus

	CORE COURSE (14)	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC)	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) (2)	Elective: Discipline Specific DSE (4)	Elective: Generic (GE) (4) (Optional)
Ι	Geomorphology	(English/ Hindi/ MIL Communication)/ Environmental Science			GE-1
II	Human Geography	English/ MIL Communication)/ Environmental Science			GE-2
III	Climatology		Remote Sensing (Practical) Or Advanced Spatial Statistical Techniques		GE-3
IV	Environmental Geography Field Work and Research Methodology (Practical		Geographical Information System (Practical) Or Research Methods (Practical)		GE-4
V	Regional Planning and Development Remote Sensing and GIS (Practical)			Population Geography or Resource Geography Urban Geography or Agricultural Geography	
VI	Evolution of Geographical disaster Management based Project Work (Practical)hought			Geography of Health and Wellbeing Or Political Geography Hydrology and Oceanography	

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

• To understand the scope and evolution of the diverse discipline of Geography.

- Recognize, synthesize and evaluate diverse sources of knowledge, arguments and approaches pertinent to exploring human-environment problems. Explain societal relevance of geographical knowledge and apply it to real world human-environment issues.
- Appreciate and reflect critically on the importance of holistic and interpretative human- environment perspectives.
- An understanding and acknowledgment of the threats that endanger the earth's natural systems. This helps in further realization of the significance of anthropogenic causes of many of the disasters and threats that puts life on this planet on the edge.
- Development of knowledge, skills and holistic understanding of the discipline among students. Encouragement of scientific mode of thinking and scientific method of enquiry in students. This goal is achieved through the regular field excursions conducted by the Department to various parts of India extensively and the writing of a report/thesis on it.
- Students become equipped with the ability to respond to both natural and manmade disasters and acquire management skills. This is attained through the curriculum by studying and analyzing hazards, disasters, their impact and management.
- Ability to undertake research in interdisciplinary studies and problems or issues beyond the realm of what strictly comes under the purview of geography. This is possible because of the varied nature of the curriculum that encompasses the study and analyses of concepts of sub-disciplines and allied disciplines of Geology, Seismology, Pedology, Hydrology, Environmental Studies, Disaster Management, Resource Management and Conservation, Regional Planning and Development Studies etc.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

- **PSO 1** Student will gain the knowledge of physical geography. They will gather knowledge about the fundamental concepts of Geography and will have a general understanding about the geomorphologic and geotectonic process and formation. Imbibing knowledge, skills and holistic understanding of the Earth, atmosphere, oceans and the planet through analysis of landform development; crustal mobility and tectonics, climate change.
- PSO 2 Associating landforms with structure and process; establishing manenvironment relationships; and exploring the place and role of Geography visasis other social and earth sciences. Students can easily correlate the knowledge of physical geography with the human geography. They will analyze the problems of physical as well as cultural environments of both rural and urban areas. Moreover they will try to find out the possible measures to solve those problems
- **PSO 3** Understanding the functioning of global economies, geopolitics, global geostrategic views and functioning of political systems

- **PSO 4** Developing a sustainable approach towards the ecosystem and the biosphere with a view to conserve natural systems and maintain ecological balance.
- **PSO 5** –The physical environment, human societies and local and/or global economic systems are integrated to the principles of sustainable development
- **PSO 6** Inculcating a tolerant mindset and attitude towards the vast socio-cultural diversity of India by studying and discussing contemporary concepts of social and cultural geography. Explaining and analyzing the regional diversity of India through interpretation of natural and planning regions.
- **PSO 7** Analyzing the differential patterns of the human habitation of the Earth, through studies of human settlements and population dynamics. Understanding and accounting for regional disparities, poverty, unemployment and the impacts of globalization
- **PSO 8** Understanding the history of the subject; over viewing ancient and contemporary geographical thought and its relationship with modern concepts of empiricism, positivism, radicalism, behaviouralism, idealism etc.
- **PSO 9** Sensitization and awareness about the hazards and disasters to which the subcontinent is vulnerable; and their management.
- **PSO 10** As a student of the Course they will enrich their observation power through field experience and in future this will be helpful for identifying the socio-environmental problems of their community.
- **PSO 11** Training in practical techniques of mapping, cartography, software, interpretation of maps, photographs and images etc; so as to understand the spatial variation of phenomena on the Earth's surface. They will learn how to prepare map based on GIS by using the modern geographical map making techniques.